

the United States Army” and authorized the President to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an officer who was “most distinguished for courage, skill, and ability” (38th Congress, Session I, Chap. 14, Sec. 1); that same day, President Abraham Lincoln nominated Ulysses S. Grant to be Lieutenant-General.

(7) On March 10, 1864, President Abraham Lincoln formally appointed Ulysses S. Grant to the grade of Lieutenant-General of the Army, a position previously held by only George Washington and Winfield Scott, although Scott’s promotion was a brevet appointment.

(8) On July 25, 1866, Congress established the grade of “General of the Army of the United States” (39th Congress, Session I, Chap. 232), and Ulysses S. Grant was appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to General of the Army of the United States for his role in commanding the Union armies during the Civil War.

(9) On March 4, 1869, Ulysses S. Grant was sworn in as the 18th President of the United States.

(10) Throughout his two terms as President, Ulysses S. Grant secured the ratification of the 15th amendment to the Constitution, the creation of the Department of Justice, and the passage and implementation of the Civil Rights Act of 1875.

(11) On October 11, 1976, Congress enacted Public Law 94-479, which re-established the grade of “General of the Armies of the United States” to posthumously request the appointment of George Washington to General of the Armies of the United States and made clear that this grade has “precedence over all other grades of the Army, past or present”.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to—

(1) honor Ulysses S. Grant for his efforts and leadership in defending the union of the United States of America;

(2) recognize that the military victories achieved under the command of Ulysses S. Grant were integral to the preservation of the United States of America; and

(3) affirm that Ulysses S. Grant is among the most influential military commanders in the history of the United States of America.

(c) APPOINTMENT.—The President is authorized and requested to appoint Ulysses S. Grant posthumously to the grade of General of the Armies of the United States, such appointment to take effect on April 27, 2022.

SA 3929. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 127, line 9, insert “and a remedial investigation and feasibility study under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.)” after “testing”.

On page 127, line 11, insert “and areas surrounding such installations and facilities” after “United States”.

On page 127, beginning on line 15, strike “military installation or facility of the National Guard” and insert “military installation, facility of the National Guard, or surrounding area”.

On page 127, line 17, strike “installation or facility” and insert “installation, facility, or area”.

On page 127, between lines 23 and 24, insert the following:

“(3) whether the release of a perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl substance from the installation or facility has resulted in the occurrence of the perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl substance in groundwater that is part of a sole-source aquifer at a concentration that presents a risk of exposure of a person to the substance in a quantity that exceeds the minimal risk level for that substance established by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

On page 128, between lines 10 and 11, insert the following:

“(e) FINAL BASIS FOR REMEDIAL ACTION FOR ASSESSMENT AND TESTING BEFORE ENACTMENT.—If preliminary assessment and site inspection testing required by subsection (a) has been completed for an installation, facility, or area with respect to contamination from perfluoroalkyl substances and polyfluoroalkyl substances by the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022, such assessment and testing shall provide a final basis for alternative remedial actions necessary to address such contamination.

On page 128, line 14, strike the period and insert “and the status of the selection by the Secretary of alternative remedial actions necessary to address contamination from perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances at any installation, facility, or area covered by such testing.”.

On page 128, line 18, strike “installation or facility” and insert “installation, facility, or area”.

On page 128, line 20, strike “installation or facility” and insert “installation, facility, or area”.

On page 128, line 23, strike “installations or facilities” and insert “installations, facilities, or areas”.

On page 129, beginning on line 1, strike “installations or facilities” and insert “installations, facilities, or areas”.

On page 129, line 3, strike “the actions” and insert “the remedial actions”.

On page 129, beginning on line 4, strike “actions, for each installation or facility” and insert “remedial actions, for each installation, facility, or area”.

On page 129, line 13, insert after the period the following:

“(f) REMEDIAL ACTION DEFINED.—The term “remedial action” has the meaning given such term in section 101(24) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601(24)).

On page 135, strike “locations” and insert “installations or facilities, including nearby areas surrounding such installations or facilities”.

On page 137, between lines 18 and 19, insert the following:

(51) Wright Patterson Air Force Base.

SA 3930. Mr. BROWN (for himself, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. ERNST, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title V, add the following:

SEC. 5. PILOT PROGRAM ON ACTIVITIES UNDER THE TRANSITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR A REDUCTION IN SUICIDE AMONG VETERANS.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of providing the module described in subsection (b) and the services described in subsection (c) as part of the Transition Assistance Program for members of the Armed Forces participating in the Transition Assistance Program as a means of reducing the incidence of suicide among veterans.

(b) MODULE.—The module described in this subsection is a three-hour module under the Transition Assistance Program for each member of the Armed Forces participating in the pilot program that includes the following:

(1) An in-person meeting between the cohort of the member and a social worker or mental health provider in which the social worker or mental health provider—

(A) counsels the cohort on specific potential risks confronting members after discharge or release from the Armed Forces, including loss of community or a support system, isolation from family, friends, or society, identity crisis in the transition from military to civilian life, vulnerability viewed as a weakness, need for empathy, self-medication and addiction, importance of sleep and exercise, homelessness, and reasons why veterans attempt and complete suicide;

(B) in coordination with the inTransition program of the Department of Defense, counsels members of the cohort who have been diagnosed with physical, psychological, or neurological issues, such as post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, adverse childhood experiences, depression, and bipolar disorder, on—

(i) the potential risks for such members from such issues after discharge or release; and

(ii) the resources and treatment options afforded to members for such issues through the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Department of Defense, and non-profit organizations;

(C) counsels the cohort about the resources afforded to victims of military sexual trauma through the Department of Veterans Affairs; and

(D) counsels the cohort about the manner in which members might experience grief during the transition from military to civilian life, and the resources afforded to them for grieving through the Department of Veterans Affairs.

(2) In coordination with the Solid Start program of the Department of Veterans Affairs, the provision to each cohort member of contact information for a counseling or other appropriate facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs in the locality in which such member intends to reside after discharge or release.

(3) The submittal by cohort members to the Department of Veterans Affairs (including both the Veterans Health Administration and the Veterans Benefits Administration) of their medical records in connection with service in the Armed Forces, whether or not such members intend to file a claim with the Department for benefits with respect to any service-connected disability.

(c) SERVICES.—The services described in this subsection in connection with the Transition Assistance Program for each member of the Armed Forces participating in the pilot program are the following:

(1) Not later than 90 days after the discharge or release of the member from the